ADMINISTRATION GUIDE



Cloudpath Enrollment System PEAP With Onboard RADIUS Server Configuration Guide, 5.11

Supporting Cloudpath Software Release 5.11

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Overview

You can use PEAP authentication with the Cloudpath onboard RADIUS server. Only Active Directory (AD) authentication servers are supported with this PEAP implementation.

Two of the advantages of using Cloudpath PEAP with AD are:

- It removes the requirement to deploy NPS as a RADIUS server in front of AD for 802.1X EAP-PEAP credential-based authentication.
- It provides a consolidated approach to migrating users from EAP-PEAP to EAP-TLS .

With this type of authentication, you can set up any number of active directories to which your Cloudpath system can communicate. You then configure the Cloudpath onboard RADIUS server to support PEAP. You can also configure an unlimited number of policies, but only one policy will be assigned to a user, depending on which criteria that you specify matches a given user trying to connect to Cloudpath. For each policy, you assign a RADIUS attribute group that can contain many attributes including VLAN ID.

The basic steps to follow to use PEAP with the Cloudpath onboard RADIUS server are:

- Set up your active directory servers.
- Creating An Authorization Server on page 5: This section covers the requirements to set up at least one authorization server.
- Adding an Active Directory Authentication Server on page 7: This section describes how to add a server to the PEAP configuration within the RADIUS Server portion of the Cloudpath UI.
- Adding Policies to RADIUS Server Configuration on page 15: This section describes how to add policies to the PEAP configuration within the RADIUS Server portion of the Cloudpath UI.
- Checking a User Record on page 24: This section shows you how to view information about users who have been enrolled or attempted to enroll into the Cloudpath system using this PEAP authentication process.

Considerations for Replication

You can use PEAP internal RADIUS authentication in a replicated environment, but the following guidelines must be followed:

- A two-node replication cluster is the only supported topology, although it can be an active-active or an active-standby configuration.
- If you have already have a PEAP domain configured on a single Clouadpath system, you must disable (unjoin) the PEAP AD domain before configuring your replication cluster, then you must enable (join) the PEAP domain after the replication configuration is complete.

For instructions on setting up a cluster, refer to the Cloudpath Enrollment System Replication Configuration Guide.

Requirements for Setting Up Cross-Realm Trusts

PEAP Authentication is supported across realms that have been set up to trust each other, as the following illustration depicts.

FIGURE 1 Cross-REALM PEAP Support



Follow these guidelines, which use the environment depicted in the illustation as an example, to use PEAP authentication for trusted realms:

- Set up west.local and east.local to trust each other.
- Choose only one domain as the Cloupath PEAP domain for Cloudpath to join; for example west.local. Cloudpath will be able to authenticate all identities on west.local and its trusted domain east.local
- You do not need to add the east.local domain controller to Cloudpath.
- Verifications for readiness to join west.local should be conducted on the west.local domain controller only.
- LDAP user authentication tests in the **Configuration > Authentication Servers** of the Cloudpath UI works only for test users in the west.local domain.
- Users on the PEAP default domain (west.local in this example) can be authenticated without specifying the domain name (for example, a user called *john* can be authenticated using only the name john as well as john@west.local or WEST\john).
- Users on the trusted domain (east.local in this example) must be authenticated with the domain name specified (for example: EAST\bob or bob@east.local).
- Cloudpath can retrieve user groups for identities on the trusted domains. Therefore, group policies can be applied to the trusted domains.

Creating An Authorization Server

You must have at least one active directory authorization server for PEAP authentication using the onboard RADIUS server, but you can configure as many authorization servers as you want.

NOTE

It is strongly recommended to *not* place the AD server on the other side of any type of NAT device because AD over NAT has not been tested by Microsoft.

To set up an active directory for user with PEAP, follow these steps:

- 1. In the Cloudpath UI, go to Configuration > Authentication Servers.
- 2. Click Add Server.
- 3. On the ensuing Authentication Server Configuration screen, you can first click one of the "Sample data" options at the very bottom of the screen, then tweak the information as needed for your system. An example of this screen after the "AD using LDAPS" item has been clicked is shown below.

4. In the AD Host field, enter the fully qualified domain name, which is **ldaps://msft-dc-2012.demo.sample.local** in this example .

FIGURE 2 Configuring An Authentication Server

Connect to Active Directory		
Select this option to enable end-users to	o authenticate via Active Directory.	
() Default AD Domain:	demo.sample.local	
(i) AD Host:	ldaps://msft-dc-2012.demo.sample.local	•
() AD DN:	dc=demo,dc=sample,dc=local	•
(i) AD Username Attribute:	SAM Account Name	
Verify Account Status On Each Au	thentication	
Perform Status Check:		
Additional Logins		
() Configured for PEAP Login:	No	
() Use For Admin Logins:		
() Use For Sponsor Logins:	v	
Test Authentication		
() Run Authentication Test?	V	
(i) Test Username:	bob	•
() Test Password:		•
VI AN Configuration		

5. Click Save.

NOTE

The "Configured for PEAP Login" will be set to No until you join the server to the PEAP domain (shown later).

6. On the ensuing Server Certificate Information screen, Click Save.

Configuring DNS and Verifying Readiness for Cloudpath to Join Active Directory Domain

Perform the following steps to configure DNS and verify that the Active Directory server is ready to be joined by Cloudpath:

- Configure DNS. Active Directory uses DNS in the background to locate other domain controllers and services, such as Kerberos. Therefore, Active Directory domain members and servers must be able to resolve the Active Directory DNS zones. The following describes how to manually configure Cloudpath to use DNS servers:
 - a. Log into your Cloudpath system from the command line as cpn_service.
 - b. Run the **show config** command. Check if there is a DNS (*nameserver*) entry for your Active Directory server. Typically, the existing /etc/resolv.conf file contains only the DNS nameserver entry of the local host. If your Active Directory server is in a different DNS nameserver, follow the next step to add the Active Directory nameserver.
 - c. Run the command: **config network STATIC dns** *nameserver_ip1 nameserver_ip2* to add nameservers into the /etc/resolv.conf file, as follows:
 - nameserver_ip1
 - nameserver_ip2

If there is more than one nameserver for multiple Active Directory servers in the PEAP domain, you can add multiple nameservers. However, the /etc/resolv.conf file has a limit of three nameserver entries.

- d. Run the show config command again. Verify that the nameservers are correctly configured.
- 2. . Test DNS resolution: On the Cloudpath UI, go to Support> Diagnostics, then click the DNS Lookup tab.
 - Forward lookup: Enter the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of your AD server (such as msft-dc-2012.demo.sample.local) in the Server DNS field, then click the **Run** button. Check that the returned IP address is the IP address of the AD server.
 - Reverse lookup: Enter the IP address of your AD server in the Server DNS field, then click the **Run** button. Check that the returned name is the host name of the AD server.
- 3. Ping the AD server. Verify that you can ping the FQDN under the Ping tab in the **Support > Diagnostics** portion of the UI. If the ping is not successful, check the network connectivity between the Cloudpath server and your AD server.
- 4. Test the Cloudpath connection to the AD Server:
 - a. Go to the **Configuration > Authentication Servers** portion of the UI.
 - b. Click the right-pointing green arrow to the right of the AD whose connection you are testing.
 - c. On the ensuing "Test" popup window, enter the credentials for a user in that AD, then click Continue.
 - d. You will receive a success or failure message, along with other pertinent information.

Adding an Active Directory Authentication Server

You need to add at least one authentication server to the PEAP realm.

Follow the steps below:

- 1. In the Cloudpath UI, go to Configuration > RADIUS Server.
- 2. Click the **PEAP** tab.
- 3. The first time you go here, you may be presented with a button called **ENABLE PEAP**. Click this button to proceed. You should then arrive at the following screen :

FIGURE 3 PEAP Domain and PEAP Policies Screen

Configu	uration > RA	ADIUS S	erver						
Status	Policies	PEAP	Clients	eduroam	Attributes	External	Open Access	Accounting	
PEA	AP Domain	Domain: n	one						
	Add	Server		Authentication	Server				
PEA	PEAP RADIUS Policies								
	Assign	Policy	Name	Descr	iption	Policy	Attributes	Usage Count	
			Tes	t Policy Evaluation	n Reset Cou	nts			

- 4. In the PEAP Domain section of the screen, click Add Server.
- 5. On the ensuing Add Authentication Server to PEAP Realm screen (see the completed example figure below), do the following:
 - From the Active Directory Server drop-down, select the active directory server that you want to join the PEAP domain.
 - Check the Join Domain box.
 - For Username and Password, enter the credentials for an Active Directory user (with domain join permissions) to enable this server for PEAP.

FIGURE 4 Adding Active Directory Server to PEAP Realm

onfiguration > RADIUS	Server > Add Authentication Server to PEAP Realm	Cancel	Save
Reference Information			
(i) Active Directory Server:	Jack Test AD (unjoined)		
i Join Domain:	4		
i) Username:	bob		
Password:			

- 6. Click Save.
- 7. The PEAP Domain portion of the screen should now indicate the realm (domain), as shown in the example below:

FIGURE 5 Authentication Server Successfully Added to PEAP Domain

PEAP Domain	
PEAP Domain	
Domain: demo.sample.local	
Add Server Authentication Server	
🗙 📔 Jack Test AD	Disable
PEAP RADIUS Policies	
	Usage Count

The crown icon to the left of the server name indicates that it is the master server because it is the first one added to the PEAP domain. If you have multiple servers in the domain, and you wish to remove them, the master server needs to be the last one that you remove.

8. You can now go back to the Authentication Server configuration (**Configuration > Authentication Servers**), and the "Configured for PEAP Login" field should now have the "yes" value, as shown below:

FIGURE 6 Authentication Server Now Configured for PEAP Login

onfiguration	> Auth	entication Servers	Add Server 🕨
Server 1:	Active	Directory server Jack Test AD	• •
	Domain:	demo.sample.local	
	AD Host:	Idaps://msft-dc-2012.demo.sample.local	
	AD DN:	dc=demo,dc=sample,dc=local	
Configured for Pl	EAP Login:	Yes	
Use for Sp	onsorship:	Yes, sponsors may log in via this authentication server.	
Use for Admi	inistrators:	No	
Trus	ted Server:	MSFT-DC-2012.demo.sample.local	
	Issuer:	Sample Root CA1	
Valid	lity Period:	20190625 - 20200624	
Use VL	AN Range:	No	

PEAP Realm Ports Used

Once you have enabled PEAP and successfully added an authentication server to the PEAP realm, port 445 over TCP and port 445 over UDP are opened. To confirm that this has occurred, go to **Administration > Firewall Requirements**, then check the inbound traffic. The screen below includes the applicable information:

FIGURE 7 PEAP Realm Ports

× 1	Traffic:	Inbound to this Syster	n		
Purpos	se	System Address	External Address	Protocol	Reason
Web In	nterface	jeff243.cloudpath.net:443		TCP / HTTP(s)	Administrator, API, and end-user access to the web interface.
PEAP	Realm	jeff243.cloudpath.net:445		TCP	Microsoft-DS Active Directory, Windows shares.
PEAP	Realm	jeff243.cloudpath.net:445		UDP	Microsoft-DS SMB file sharing.

Using Policies

Configuring Policies

Policies allow for mapping incoming successful RADIUS authentication requests to a set of RADIUS response attributes based on dynamic conditions of the request. Each policy has an associated RADIUS attribute group which defines the RADIUS response attributes (such as VLAN ID, filter ID, and class). Each authentication is matched against an assigned list of candidate policies in sequential order. Criteria of a policy can include dynamic conditions such as a user's physical location, username, or the time of day.

As of this release, policies can be used for PEAP authentication with the Cloudpath onboard RADIUS server.

The following procedure guides you first through creating RADIUS attribute groups for your policies, then creating the policies themselves. You must create at least one RADIUS attribute group before you can configure a policy because a policy needs to have at least one RADIUS attribute group available for selection.

NOTE

If none of your policies are a match for a prospective user, the user's attempt to join the network is declined.

- 1. In the Cloudpath UI, go to Configuration > Policies.
- 2. Select the RADIUS Attribute Groups tab, then click the Add RADIUS Attribute Group button.
- 3. In the ensuing Create Radius Attribute Group screen, enter the information to create the group, then click Save.

NOTE

You can configure as many RADIUS Attribute groups as you want. One RADIUS Attribute group will later be assigned to each policy you create.

An example screen and field descriptions follow:

FIGURE 8 Create RADIUS Attribute Screen

Configuration > Policies >	Create RADIUS Attribute	Group	Cancel Save
RADIUS Attribute Group Infe	ormation		
Display Name: Description:	VLAN 1		
Assigned Policies: Attributes			
() Certificate Reply Username:	Certificate Common Name (Del	fault) 🗸	
VLAN ID:	1		
(i) Filter ID:	[ex. BYOD]		
(i) Class:	[ex. BYOD]		
() Reauthentication:	[ex. 86400]	Seconds	
	+ Add		

- Display Name: The name of the RADIUS attribute group. This should be a descriptive name. It is visible only to Cloudpath administrators
- Description: Optionally, enter a description of this RADIUS attribute group. It is visible only to Cloudpath administrators.
- Assigned Policies: This field lists the names of all the policies that are using this RADIUS attribute group. There will be no policies listed here during the initial configuration of the group.
- Certificate Reply Username: This setting is applied only when the RADIUS attribute group is associated with certificate-based authentications, and is therefore described in the Cloudpath documentation of certificate templates.
- VLAN ID: If this field is populated, the VLAN ID is included in the RADIUS reply to the controller for successful authentications. Cloudpath sends Tunnel-Type, Tunnel-Medium-Type, and Tunnel-Private-Group-ID. If your network policy is wireless, the Tunnel-Type value is VLAN, the Tunnel-Medium-Type value is 802 (this includes all 802 media plus Ethernet canonical format), and the Tunnel-Private-Group-ID is the integer that represents the VLAN number to which group members will be assigned.

If the VLAN ID field is left blank, Cloudpath will not return a VLAN ID in the RADIUS reply; therefore the controller assigns the VLAN ID based on its own configuration.

- Filter ID: If this field is populated, the Filter ID is included in the RADIUS reply for successful authentications. If this field is left blank, Cloudpath will not return a Filter ID in the RADIUS reply.
- Class: If this field is populated, the Class is included in the RADIUS reply for successful authentications. If this field is left blank, Cloudpath will not return a Class in the RADIUS reply.
- Reauthentication: The number of seconds included in the RADIUS reply for successful authentications. If the device stays connected for longer than this period, the WLAN or switch requires that the device be reauthenticated. In wireless devices, this causes the encryption keys to rotate.
- Additional Attributes: You can add other attributes in the "Attributes" section of the screen by clicking the + button, and selecting the desired fields and values. These attributes will be returned to the controller in an access-accept RADIUS server packet.

4. Configure your policies:

- a. In the **Configuration > Policies** area of the UI, select the **Policies** tab, then click **Add Policies**.
- b. In the ensuing Create Policy screen, enter the information to create the policy, then click Save.

NOTE

You can configure as many policies as you want.

An example screen and field descriptions follow:

FIGURE 9 Create Policy Screen

olicy Information			
Display Name:	Building 1 on weekdays	•	
Description:			
onditions			
All conditions are optional. Note,	some conditions only apply to certain locations, and will be ignored if used locations	s that they do not apply.	
Username (regex):			
SSID (regex):			
NAS Identifier (recev):	Current Pullides 1 en unseledens		
PADIUS Daala (regex).	Matching Building Fon weekdays		
ADIUS Realm (regex):			
DPSK Reference Name (reger):		
Allow by AD Group:			
Specific Time:	4		
When:	WEEKDAY		
Start:	7:30 AM		
End:	6:00 PM		
RADIUS Client:			

- Display Name: The name of the policy. This should be a descriptive name. It is visible only to Cloudpath administrators
- Description: Optionally, enter a description of this policy. It is visible only to Cloudpath administrators.

• "Conditions": In the Conditions section, use any or all of these fields to create the matching criteria you desire so that the appropriate policy gets applied to each user.

NOTE

You can use the asterisks that appear in some of the Conditions fields, when selected, to denote that any value is acceptable in the place of the asterisk.

- Username Regex: When the user is prompted for credentials, the username specified by the user will be verified against this regular expression for proper format. For example, ^d{8}\$ will ensure that the user enters an 8-digit ID.

NOTE

Due to the complexity of regular expressions, it is recommended to use this field only if you are experienced with regular expressions. If you need assistance creating a regular expression to match your needs, contact support.

- NAS Identifier: A regex that defines the network access service (NAS) identifier to limit this policy..

NOTE

If you use this field, and no NAS Identifier is provided in the response, the policy will be "false" and will not get applied to a user.

- RADIUS Realm (regex): The RADIUS realm to use in this policy, in the form of @company.com or company.com
- DPSK Reference Name (regex): A regular expression to test against the DPSK Reference Name.

NOTE

This field is applicable only when the policy is applied to a DPSK pool.

- Allow by AD Group: A regular expression that defines the groups within the Authentication Server that this policy allows.

NOTE

Active Directory is the only authentication server supported for PEAP

- Specific Time: If checked, drop-downs appear where you can specify the days and times that this policy allows enrollment. Be sure to click the **Set** button to set the desired time (see the following illustration):

FIGURE 10 Setting a Time for a Policy

i	Specific Time:								
	When:	WEEKDAY •							
	Start:	7:3	7:30 AM						
	End:	7 : 30 AM				•			
i	RADIUS Client:		Hour		Minute		nutes		
		A	М	P	M	00	05	10	15
		1	2	3	4	20	25	30	35
RAL	JIUS Attributes	5	6	7	8	40	45	50	55
		9	10	11	12				
i	RADIUS Attribute Group:							5	Set

- RADIUS Client: If you check this box, you are presented with a drop-down where you can then select a RADIUS client if you
 have already configured this client in the Configuration > RADIUS Server > Clients tab. This RADIUS client would then be
 associated with this policy.
- RADIUS Attribute Group: From this drop-down, select the attribute group that you want associated with this policy.

The following illustration shows the Policies tab after one policy has been added. The information shown in the table represents the policy configuration shown in the example in Figure 9. The attribute group name and its attributes come from the attribute group name selected in the Create Policy Screen drop-down list. (The "Certificate Reply Username" applies only to certificate-based authentications, and is therefore described in the Cloudpath documentation of certificate templates.) The RADIUS attribute information shown below comes from the example in Figure 8.

FIGURE 11 Policies Table Example After One Policy Is Configured

Configu	ration	> Policies						
Policles	RAI	DIUS Attribute Groups						
Polic	ioe					Add Policy		
Polic	105							
	+	Name	Policy	Attribute Group Name	Attributes	DPSK Rel.	Cert.Template Rel.	PEAP Rel.
٩	/×	Building 1 on weekdays	NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekdays', Weekdays Only From: 7:30 AM To: 6:00 PM	VLAN 1	Reply Username: 'Certificate Common Name (Default)', VLAN: '1'	0	0	0
			翰 谢 Resu	ns 1 - 1 of 1. 🗇 🗐 📋	s 🕶 🔳 🌒 🛛 🗱			

Adding Policies to RADIUS Server Configuration

You can add as many policies as you want, but only one policy can be associated with a given user. For a user to successfully connect to the network, the user must be a match for at least one policy.

Steps to Add Policies

Follow these steps to add a policy:

- 1. In the Cloudpath UI, go to Configuration > RADIUS Server.
- 2. Click the **PEAP** tab.
- 3. Click **Assign Policy**. The Select Policy Drop-down List appears, as shown in the following example list. The policies that you have already configured are available for you to add:

FIGURE 12 Select Policy Drop-down List

Select Policy		×
A Select th	ne policy to use.	
Policy:	Building 1 on weekends	
	Building 1 on weekends	
	Username and RADIUS Realm	
	Building 1 on weekdays	Cancel Save

- 4. Select the policy you wish to add, then click **Save**.
- 5. Continue to add policies as you desire. If you have added all available policies, you will receive the message: "All Defined Policies have been assigned."

Policy Rules

The following illustration shows an example of how the page appears after three policies have been added:

FIGURE 13 PEAP Policies Added Via RADIUS Server PEAP Tab

D'onnann.	demo.sample.loc	al					
Add Server	Authentication Server						
	× 🖻 J	ack Test AD			Disable		
P RADIUS Policies							
Assign Policy		Name	Description	Policy	Attributes	Usage Count	
	× ~ ~	Building 1 on weekends		NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekends' Weekends Only From: 12:00 AM To: 12:00 PM	VLAN: 2	0	
	x ^ ~	Building 1 on weekdays		NAS ld (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekdays' Weekdays Only From: 7:30 AM To: 6:00 PM	VLAN: '1'	0	
		Username and RADIUS Realm		Username (Regex): "bob"	VLAN: "3"	0	

• There may be many policies whose criteria are matched by a user, but the first policy that is a match is the one that gets applied. For example, if you have three policies, as shown above, the order in which you have them listed is the order in which they will be tested for matches with an enrolling user.

NOTE

You can use the arrows in the screen show above to list the policies in the desired order. If you want to remove a policy from being used with PEAP, click the X next to the policy, then confirm the removal of the policy when prompted.

• Because the "Building 1 on weekends" policy is listed first, the matching criteria in that policy (listed in the Policy column) will first be checked against an enrolling user. If there is a match, the policy is applied to the user (meaning that the attributes listen in the Attributes column are applied to the user). If there is no match, the next policy ("Building 1 on weekdays") is checked against the enrolling user, and so on.

NOTE

Even though this example shows only three policies for simplicity sake, you must configure policies so that all users will be a match for at least one policy. If a user matches at least once policy, the user will be given network access because all policies are "allow only." However, if a user does not match **any** policy, the user is denied network access.

Testing Policies

You can test your policies to be sure they are working as desired before you implement them in a live environment.

The following screen shows an example of three policies that have been added to PEAP via the Configuration > RADIUS Server PEAP tab of the UI:

FIGURE 14 Three-Policy Example

Domain.	00000.5	demo.sample.local						
Add Server		Authentication Server						
	×	Ja	ck Test AD			Disablo		
RADIUS Policies								
Assign Policy			Name	Description	Policy	Attributes	Usage Count	
ensight Folicy								
Posibilit ouch	×	~ •	Building 1 on weekends		NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekends' Weekends Only From: 12:00 AM To: 12:00 PM	VLAN: '2'	0	
(Asign Folky)	×	~ ~	Building 1 on weekends Building 1 on weekdays		NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekends' Weekends Only From: 12:00 AM To: 12:00 PM NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekdays' Weekdays Only From: 7:30 AM To: 6:00 PM	VLAN: '2' VLAN: '1'	0	

Test Policy Evaluation - Example 1

- 1. Click the Test Policy Evaluation button (see the screen above).
- 2. In the ensuing Test Policy Selection screen, enter the values that would be provided during user enrollment to determine which policy, if any, is a match. The screen below contains sample values, which are described below the screen:

FIGURE 15 Test Policy Selection Example 1

r, RADIUS and the		
	e controller would provide and the matching policy will be	e determined.
bobb@con		
SSID		
DEMO\don	nain users DEMO\bob	
Building 1	on weekdays	
UserDevice		
20200518		
5:20 PM		
0.0.0/0		
Description	Policy	Attributes
	NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekends' Weekends Only From: 12:00 AM To: 12:00 PM	VLAN: '2'
	NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekdays' Weekdays Only From: 7:30 AM To: 6:00 PM	VLAN: '1'
	SSID DEMO\don Building 1 d UserDevice 20200518 5:20 PM 0.0.0.0/0	Dobb@company.com SSID DEMO\domain users DEMO\bob Building 1 on weekdays UserDevice_123 20200518 5:20 PM 0.0.0.0/0 Description Policy NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekends' Weekends Only From: 12:00 AM To: 12:00 PM NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekdays' Weekdays Only From: 7:30 AM To: 6:00 PM

The sample values shown above have been entered to test that the "Building 1 on weekdays" policy will be applied to users who match the criteria defined by that policy (refer to the information in the "Policy" column in the figure above).

NOTE

The sample values can include fields that are not configured in a policy, and could still be a match for the policy. For example, there could be a value entered in the Client Short Name field in the example above, and it would have no impact on the results of the policy evaluation test because none of the three policies shown above show a value for Client Short Name (as evidenced by the values shown in the Policy column for each policy).

- Username (required): Must be a valid username that your Cloudpath system will accept when this user attempts enrollment.
- SSID: Matches the Wi-Fi SSID name for the connecting device. If this field is populated, this will match only the Wi-Fi based connections.

- Authentication Groups (required): The list of groups returned from a user (as configured in your authorization server; you need a workflow step that requires authentication to an authorization server for the user to have groups).
- NAS ID: The NAS ID that is expected to be returned from the controller. In the example above, the value "Building 1 on weekdays" is entered because it matches the NAS ID of the "Building 1 on weekdays" policy.
- Authentication Date: The date on which the user would attempt to authenticate. In the example above, the date is on a weekday because the "Building 1 on weekdays" policy specifies weekdays only for authentication.
- Authentication Time: The time when the user would attempt to authenticate. In the example above, the time is 5:10 p.m., which falls in the range of 7:30 a.m. to 6 p.m. that the policy specifies for authentication.
- Client Short Name: RADIUS Client-Shortname expected to be returned from the controller.
- 3. Before you click the Apply button, check the values you have entered. In the above example, the expected behavior is:
 - a. The values entered in the upper portion of the screen are first compared to the policy named "Building 1 on weekends" because that is the policy listed first (see Policies section in the screen above). However, you can see that the values entered for testing do not match the conditions shown in the Policy column for the "Building 1 on weekends" policy.
 - b. The values entered are next compared to the second policy in the list, which is the "Building 1 on weekdays" policy. You can see that the values entered for testing all *do* match those listed for this policy. Therefore, the expected behavior is that, when you click the **Apply** button, the "Building 1 on weekdays" will indicate a successful match, and the corresponding attributes would be applied to the enrolling user.
 - c. To confirm these results, now click the Apply button. The following response is received:

FIGURE 16 Test Policy Selection Example 1 Results

Policy was selected based on the provided criteria:

Name: Building 1 on weekdays

Policy: NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekdays', Weekdays Only From: 7:30 AM To: 6:00 PM

Radius Attributes: VLAN: '1'

Test Policy Evaluation - Example 2

- 1. Click the **Test Policy Evaluation** button.
- 2. In the ensuing Test Policy Selection screen, enter the values that would be provided during user enrollment to determine which policy, if any, is a match. The screen below contains sample values, which are described below the screen:

FIGURE 17 Test Policy Selection Example 2

Provide the values below that the Username:	bobb@con	e controller would provide and the matching policy will be npany.com	determined.	
SSID:	SSID			
Authentication Groups:	DEMO\dor	nain users DEMO\bob		
NAS ID:	54-EC-2F-	D9-D5-4C		
DPSK Reference Name	UserDevic	UserDevice_123 20200512		
Authentication Date:	20200512			
Authentication Time	5:10 PM			
Client Short Name:	0.0.0/0			
olicies Name	Description	Policy	Attributes	
Building 1 on weekends		NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekends' Weekends Only From: 12:00 AM To: 12:00 PM	VLAN: '2'	
Building 1 on weekdays		NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekdays' Weekdays Only From: 7:30 AM To: 6:00 PM	VLAN: '1'	
		Username (Regex): 'bob*'	VLAN: '3'	

The sample values shown above have been entered to test that the "Username and RADIUS Realm" policy will be applied to users who match the criteria defined by that policy (refer to the information in the "Policy" column in the figure above).

- 3. Before you click the **Apply** button, check the values you have entered. In the above example, the expected behavior is:
 - a. The values you entered in the upper portion of the screen are first compared to the policy named "Building 1 on weekends" because that is the policy listed first (see Policies section in the screen above). However, you can see that the values entered for testing do not match the conditions shown in the Policy column for the "Building 1 on weekends" policy. For example, the "Building 1 on weekends" policy includes a Regex value of "Building 1 on weekends," but the sample test values entered in the screen above do not include any value for NAS ID, therefore eliminating any chance of a match to this policy.
 - b. The values entered in the upper portion of the screen are next compared to the policy named "Building 1 on weekdays" because that is the next policy listed (see Policies section in the screen above). However, you can see that the values entered for testing do not match the conditions shown in the Policy column for the "Building 1 on weekdays" policy either. For example, the "Building 1 on

weekdays" policy includes a Regex value of "Building 1 on weekdays," but the sample test values entered in the screen above do not include any value for NAS ID, therefore eliminating any chance of a match to this policy.

- c. The values entered are next compared to the third policy in the list, which is the "Username and RADIUS Realm" policy. You can see that the values entered for testing all *do* match the conditions listed for this policy: A username in the form of bob* (where the * can be replaced with any value) and a RADIUS realm (in the username field for the sample test values) in the form of company.com. Therefore, the expected behavior is that, when you click the **Apply** button, the "Username and RADIUS Realm" will indicate a successful match, and the corresponding attributes would be applied to the enrolling user.
- d. To confirm these results, now click the Apply button. The following response is received:

FIGURE 18 Test Policy Selection Example 2 Results

Policy was selected based on the provided criteria:
 Name: Username and RADIUS Realm
 Policy: Username (Regex): 'bob*', RADIUS Realm(Regex): '@company.com'
 Radius Attributes: VLAN: '3' Filter ID: 'filter ID 10'

Viewing Policy Information

To view your currently configured policies, go to Configuration > Policies in the UI, and be sure to highlight the Policies tab.

The following table shows you an example of what a policy table looks like after three different policies have been created, and have been assigned to PEAP and/or DPSK pools.

FIGURE 19 Policy Table Example

				Add Polic	y I		
olicies				68			
+	Namo	Policy	Attribute Group Name	Attributes	DPSK Rel.	Cert.Template Rol.	PEAP Re
۹ 🖊 ×	Building 1 on weekdays	NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekdays', Weekdays Only From: 7:30 AM To: 6:00 PM	VLAN 1	Reply Username: 'Certificate Common Name (Default)', VLAN: '1'	1	0	1
۹ 🖊 ×	Building 1 on weekends	NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekends', Weekends Only From: 12:00 AM To: 12:00 PM	VLAN 2	Reply Username: 'Certificate Common Name (Default)', VLAN: '2'	1	0	1
	Username and RADIUS Realm	Username (Regex): 'bob',	VLAN 3 and Filter ID	Reply Username: 'Certificate Common Name (Default)', VLAN: '3',	1	0	1

You can use the policy table as follows:

TABLE 1 Description of Policy Table

Column Title	Description
+	• You can view details of the policy by clicking on the magnifying glass icon (for an example of the Policy Information screen that gets invoked, see Figure 20.
	• You can edit the policy by clicking on the pencil icon.
	• If the policy has not yet been assigned (such as to PEAP or a DPSK pool), there will be a X next to the policy name. Clicking that X deletes the policy. However, in the example above, all three policies are in use; therefore the - sign denotes that you cannot delete the policy as long as it remains in use. You would first need to remove the policy from where it is being used before you can delete the policy from the table shown above.
Name	The name of the policy as configured in the Display Name field in the Policy configuration screen, an example of which is shown in Figure 9 on page 13.
Policy	All the conditions that you set when you created the policy are listed in this column. For example, the "Building 1 on weekdays" policy conditions are the ones that were configured in the example shown in Figure 9 on page 13
Attribute Group Name	The name of the group that has been selected in the RADIUS Attribute Group drop-down when the policy was created. For the "Building 1 on weekdays" policy shown in this example, the group name VLAN 1 matches the selection that was shown in the example in Figure 9 on page 13.
Attributes	Lists all the attributes that were set for the corresponding RADIUS attribute group name. For the "VLAN 1" attribute group name shown in this example, the attribute "VLAN 1" is listed because that is the only attribute that was set during the configuration of the VLAN 1 RADIUS attribute group name, as shown in Figure 8 on page 12.
DPSK Rel, Cert Template Rel, and PEAP Rel	The number of times that a policy has been assigned to each category of authentication.

FIGURE 20 Policy Information Screen Example

icy mornation		
Name:	Building 1 on weekdays	
Description:		
Conditions:	NAS Id (Regex): 'Building 1 on weekdays',	
	Weekdays Only From: 7:30 AM To: 6:00 PM	
RADIUS Attribute Group:	Reply Username: 'Certificate Common Name (Default)',	
	VLAN: '1'	
elationships	VLAN: '1' Location	Usage Count
PEAP	VLAN: '1' Location PEAP	Usage Count 0
PEAP DPSK	VLAN: '1' Location PEAP DPSK Pool 17	Usage Count 0 0

The screen above indicates that the policy is currently being used by PEAP, one DPSK pool, and one certificate. The "Location" column of this screen in the UI provides live links to the specific configuration areas where the policy is used.

The Usage column will be incremented each time a device is assigned to the policy in question. Also, If a device then gets assigned to a different policy and later gets reassigned to its original policy, the usage count of the original policy will be incremented.

Viewing RADIUS Attribute Information

To view your currently configured RADIUS attribute groups, go to **Configuration > Policies** in the UI, and be sure to select the RADIUS Attribute Groups tab.

The following table shows you an example of what a RADIUS Attribute Groups table looks like after three different RADIUS attribute groups have been created.

FIGURE 21 Radius RADIUS Groups Example

ADIUS	Attribute Groups			Add RADIUS Attribute Group	
+	Name	Description	Policy Count	Attributes	Timestamp
				Pentu Usernemer (Certificate Common Name (Default)) 3/1 ANI: 11	20210119 1500 MCT
/ ×	VLAN 1		1	Reply Osername: Certificate Common Name (Default), VDAN: 1	20210110 1509 1151
/ × / ×	VLAN 1 VLAN 2		1	Reply Username: Certificate Common Name (Default)', VLAN: 1 Reply Username: 'Certificate Common Name (Default)', VLAN: '2'	20210118 1309 MST

You can use the RADIUS Attribute Groups table as follows:

TABLE 2 Description of RADIUS Attribute Groups Table

Column Title	Description
+	 You can edit the RADIUS attribute group by clicking on the pencil icon. If the RADIUS attribute group has not yet been assigned to any policy, there will be a X next to the name. Clicking that X deletes the group. However, in the example screen shown above, all the groups have already been assigned to at least one policy; therefore the X is not selectable, which denotes that you cannot delete the group as long as it remains in use by one or more policies. You would have to edit the policy itself to remove the RADIUS attribute from the policy if you then want to delete the RADIUS attribute.
Name	The name of the radius attribute group as configured in the Display Name field in the Radius Attribute Group configuration screen, an example of which is shown in Figure 8 on page 12.
Description	Any optional description that was entered in the configuration of the Radius attribute group.
Policy Count	The number of policies that the Radius attribute is currently assigned to.
Attributes	Lists all the attributes that were set for the corresponding RADIUS attribute group name. For the "VLAN 1" attribute group name shown in this example, the attribute "VLAN 1" is listed because that is the only attribute that was set during the configuration of the VLAN 1 RADIUS attribute group name, as shown in Figure 8 on page 12.
Timestamp	Time that the radius attribute group was created.

Checking a User Record

You can check the record of a user for various information, including the PEAP policy that has been applied to the user upon a successful enrolment.

To view a user's record, go to **Dashboard > Users & Devices** in the UI, then click the magnifying glass icon for the user whose information you wish to view. An example of the record for a user named bob is shown in the figure below. Toward the bottom of the record, the PEAP authentication date and PEAP policy used are shown.

NOTE

If there was no policy applied to a user, the PEAP Policy Used column will indicate: "no match," denoting that the user has not been allowed into the Cloudpath system. You must configure your policies so that at least one policy will be a match for any given user who needs access.

FIGURE 22 User Information Includes PEAP Policy Used

I Username: bob I Email Address: bob@cloudpath.net I Blocked: No. Block I Common Name: Bob Smith I Distinguished Name: CN=Bob Smith,CN=Users,DC=demo,DC=sample,DC=local I Office Name: Bob Office I Department: Bob Dep I Company: Bob Corp I Server Name: Jack Test AD I Server Type: Active Directory I Domain: demo.sample.local	Use	er Information	
Image:	(i)	Username:	bob
i Blocked: No. Block i Common Name: Bob Smith i Distinguished Name: CN=Bob Smith,CN=Users,DC=demo,DC=sample,DC=local i Office Name: Bob Office i Department: Bob Dep i Company: Bob Corp i Server Name: Jack Test AD i Server Type: Active Directory i Domain: demo.sample.local i PEAP Authentication Date: 2/2/20 9:42 PM	i	Email Address:	bob@cloudpath.net
I common Name:Bob SmithI Distinguished Name:CN=Bob Smith,CN=Users,DC=demo,DC=sample,DC=localI Office Name:Bob OfficeI Department:Bob DepI Company:Bob CorpI Server Name:Jack Test ADI Server Type:Active DirectoryI Domain:demo.sample.localI PEAP Authentication Date:2/2/20 9:42 PM	i	Blocked:	No. Block
 Distinguished Name: CN=Bob Smith, CN=Users, DC=demo, DC=sample, DC=local Office Name: Bob Office Department: Bob Dep Company: Bob Corp Server Name: Jack Test AD Server Type: Active Directory Domain: demo.sample.local PEAP Authentication Date: 2/2/20 9:42 PM 	i	Common Name:	Bob Smith
 Office Name: Bob Office Department: Bob Dep Company: Bob Corp Server Name: Jack Test AD Server Type: Active Directory Domain: demo.sample.local PEAP Authentication Date: 2/2/20 9:42 PM 	i	Distinguished Name:	CN=Bob Smith,CN=Users,DC=demo,DC=sample,DC=local
Image:	i	Office Name:	Bob Office
Image: Company: Bob Corp Image: Server Name: Jack Test AD Image: Server Type: Active Directory Image: Domain: demo.sample.local Image: PEAP Authentication Date: 2/2/20 9:42 PM	i	Department:	Bob Dep
Image: Server Name: Jack Test AD Image: Server Type: Active Directory Image: Domain: demo.sample.local Image: PEAP Authentication Date: 2/2/20 9:42 PM	i	Company:	Bob Corp
Server Type: Active Directory Domain: demo.sample.local PEAP Authentication Date: 2/2/20 9:42 PM	(i)	Server Name:	Jack Test AD
i Domain: demo.sample.local i PEAP Authentication Date: 2/2/20 9:42 PM	i	Server Type:	Active Directory
PEAP Authentication Date: 2/2/20 9:42 PM	(i)	Domain:	demo.sample.local
() PEAP Palicy Heads students	i	PEAP Authentication Date:	2/2/20 9:42 PM
T PEAP Policy Used: Students	i	PEAP Policy Used:	students
(i) Groups: BYOD-EMPLOYEE	i)	Groups:	BYOD-EMPLOYEE
Allowed RODC Password Replication Group			Allowed RODC Password Replication Group
Administrators			Administrators

Additional Information:

- In the user table, if the user does not already have a user record (onboarded a device previously), then a new user record gets created.
- If the user already exists, an updated user record will show the most recent PEAP authentication date and the PEAP policy matched (or "no match").



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